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A Study on the Selecting Model of Maintenance Methodology for Establishing the Optimized Maintenance Policy of Facilities

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## Abstract

The purpose of this research is to present the new proposal models for the selection and application of optimizing maintenance method in the equipment maintenance business. First, as the theoretical background for the selection and application of optimizing maintenance method, the maintenance methods and countermeasures based on the types of failure rate by the already informed bathtub curve were presented. And second, the purpose of this research is to help the apprehension about the selection and application of maintenance by the investigation on the pros and cons of application about three types of maintenance ways such as BM, TBM, CBM. And finally, as the two new proposal models for the selection and application of the optimizing maintenance method in the equipment maintenance, this treatise presented the <sup>r</sup> selection model of maintenance way based on the important degree of equipment <code>\_\_</code> and <sup>r</sup> selection model of maintenance way based on the reliability and total cost <code>\_\_</code>. These two new proposal models are going to permit the easy application and fast selection for the selection and application of maintenance way and on-the-job maintenance business.

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```
BM, TBM, CBM
                                  가
2가
                                                               P(Products), Q(Quality),
C(Cost), D(Delivery & Damage), S(Safety)
                                                     가
                                                                               (A, B, C,
                                                                    가
                                                                    가
  2 .
2.1
                                         가
                          1>
                                                                           (Preventive
Maintenance: PM)
                                              (Breakdown Maintenance : BM)
                                                                                  2가
                                                             (Time Based Preventive
                         [1].
Maintenance : TBM),
                                       (Inspection & Repair : IR),
(Condition Based Preventive Maintenance : CBM)
                                                                         (BM)
      (Planned Breakdown Maintenance : PBM)
                                                               (Emergency Breakdown
Maintenance : EBM)
                                     [2][3].
                                             (Time Based Preventive Maintenance : TBM)
                  (Preventive Maintenance)
                                                    (Inspection & Repair : IR)
                                            (Condition Based Preventive Maintenance : CBM)
                                               (Planned Breakdown Maintenance : PBM)
                  (Breakdown Maintenance)
```

1>

2

(Emergency Breakdown Maintenance : EBM)

(PBM) (EBM) (EBM) 4가 (PM) (BM) [1]. TBM, IR, CBM, BM 가 2.2 2.2.1 가 가 < (bath-tub curve) [5][6]. 2> DFR(Decreasing Failure Rate), CFR(Constant Failure Rate), 3가 IFR(Increasing Failure Rate)  $\lambda(t)$ DFR CFR(Bath-tub) < 2> (debugging DFR  $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$  7 CFR 耐用 (longevity) R(t)

1

**IFR** 

가

가

2.2.2

```
f(t)
                                                                          가
                   , (Weibull)
                                                                            3가 가
                                                                                                  [4]-[6].
                                                                                 가
Drenick
                                                                                                      가
                                                                                         가
              f(t) = \mathbf{1} \cdot e^{-1t}
f(t)
                                                 (1), (2)
                                                                                                     [4].
                                                                                                                            (1)
              I(t) = \frac{f(t)}{R(t)} = \frac{I \cdot e^{-1t}}{e^{-1t}} = I = \frac{1}{MTBF}
                                                                                                                               (2)
                                                                                                가
                                                                                                                             가 가
                                                          가
                                                                                           IFR
                                                                                                                                f(t)
                                                                                                                                                  (3)
                                                                  [5].
                                                   \boldsymbol{I}(t) = f(t) / R(t)
                                                                                                                               R(t)
                                                                                                                                                  (4)
                                                                                      [4].
              f(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\boldsymbol{p}} \cdot \boldsymbol{s}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{t - \boldsymbol{m}}{\boldsymbol{s}}\right)^2\right]
                                                                                                                              (3)
               R(t) = 1 - F(t)
                                                                                                                             (4)
              F(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\boldsymbol{p}} \cdot \boldsymbol{s}} \int_{-\infty}^{t} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{t - \boldsymbol{m}}{\boldsymbol{s}}\right)^{2}\right] dt
                                                                                                              \Gamma I(t) = I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt
                                   f(t) 7
                                                                                                   \boldsymbol{I}(t)
                             가
                       f(t)
                                                                            \boldsymbol{I}(t)
                                                                                                            가
                                                                                                                                        [4][7].
                                                                               (DFR: Decreasing Failure Rate),
                                                                                             (IFR: Increasing Failure Rate)
          (CFR: Constant Failure Rate),
                                                                          가
가 가
                                 가
                                                                                     Waloddi Weibull
    [6].
                                                          f(t)
                                                                                             \boldsymbol{I}(t)
                                                                                                                 (6), (7)
                                                 (shape parameter), h
                                                                                                             (scale parameter),
g
                   (position parameter)
                                                                             [4].
               f(t) = \frac{m}{h} \left[ \frac{t - \mathbf{g}}{h} \right]^{m-1} \cdot e^{-\left[ \frac{t - \mathbf{g}}{h} \right]^{m}}
                                                                                                                              (6)
```

$$I(t) = \frac{f(t)}{R(t)} = \frac{m}{h} \left[ \frac{t - g}{h} \right]^{m-1}$$

$$m$$

$$m < 1$$

$$m = 1$$

$$I(t)$$

$$m = 1$$

$$I(t)$$

$$m > 1$$

$$(CFR)$$

$$f(t)$$

$$m > 1$$

$$(m = 3.5)$$

$$(T)$$

2.2.3

가

(IFR)

m>1

debugging
, (extreme condition) , (safety margin)
degrading (PM)

2.3

2.3.1 (BM) (BM) 가 . BM (PBM) r (EBM) . PBM EBM . EBM 0( ) , PBM [9]. PBM  $C_b$  [  $t_m$ 가 (=  $C_b/C_p$ ]) 3> [1].  $C_b/C_p$ ] <sup>C</sup><sub>p</sub> :  $C_b / C_\rho \le 2$  $C_b / C_p \ge 2$ Í, (TBM) 3>  $C_b / C_p \ge 2$  $t_p$  7,  $C_b / C_p < 2$ (TBM) 가 ) <sup>C</sup><sub>b</sub> 가 ( (PBM) 가 (8) [1].  $C_b \ge 2C_p$ (8)  $C_b$ :

( +

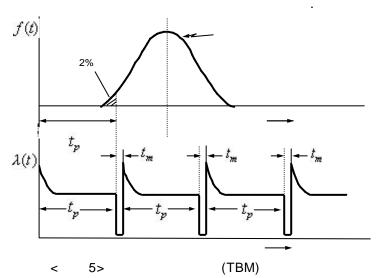
 $C_p$ :

)

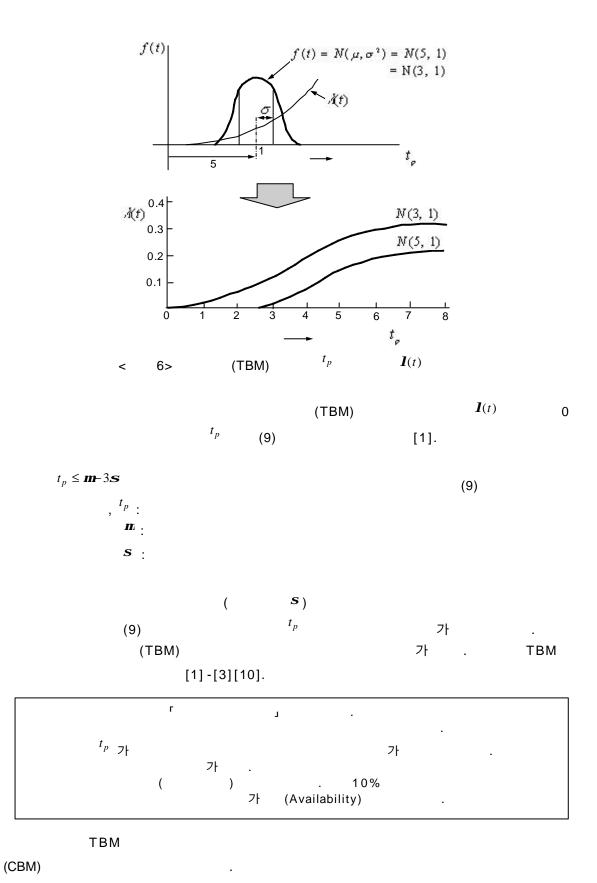
(8) 가 가 (PBM) [1]-[3].  $C_b < 2C_p$ )  $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$  7 가 가 Stand-by 가 2.3.2 (TBM) 가 PM $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$  7 가 IFR(Increasing Failure Rate) Bath-tub (TBM) (TBM)  $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$  $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$  7 가 IFR [1]. 10% 2% В 5% C 7% D 14% E 68% F  $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$ 4>

 $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$ 가 < 4>  $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$  7 가 A(4%), I(t) 7} D(7%), E(14%), B(2%), C(5%) 11%  $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$ F(68%) 89% TBM f(t) $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$  $\mathsf{TBM}$ < 5> (TBM) 2%가 [2]. 2% ( 가 ) 가  $\boldsymbol{I}(t)$   $\mathcal{I}_{t}$ 가 , 98%

TBM .



(TBM) I(t) s 3 . < 6>  $f(t)_{7}$   $N(ms^{2})$  ,  $N(ms^{2}) = N(5,1)$ (m=5) 3s ( s=1) t=2



2.3.3 (CBM)

TBM (CBM)

(Predictive Maintenance) .

(British Standard) CBM [1].

Maintenance carried out in response to a significant deterioration in a machine as indicated by a change in a monitored parameter of the machine condition.

「CBM」
」
「
(in response to)」
,「

, 「 ( )가

.

CBM CBM  $^{\Gamma}$  Leave the smoothly running machines untouched(  $^{7}$  )  $_{J}$  .  $^{\Gamma}$  CBM (machine condition) ,

< 2>

		ВМ	TBM	СВМ
가 (IFR)	71	×		
(CFR)	λ <u>t</u>		×	
(DFR)	λ <u>t</u>	×	×	

 $^{\mathbb{F}}$  1<sub>a</sub> : , : ,  $\times$  : ,

 F
 2 BM:
 , TBM:
 , CBM:

```
[1] -[3].
            89%
                           CBM
                                                   t_i,
      7>
           \mathsf{CBM}
              (CBM)
                                          [1].
                        Maintenance Level
                                              <u>——</u>
直前
                             Level
                                            (CBM)
                       < 7>
СВМ
                           t_i
        (trend control)
                           가
                                              (TBM)
                     (CBM)
TBM CBM
      СВМ
                                                                 가
                                    가
\mathsf{TBM}
         СВМ
      CBM
                                                                     [1].
                                  ( 90%).
         가
                               가
                                                    가
  TBM
```

2>

3.

3.1

가 가 가 . ,

.

,

< 3> ( )								
				•				
				가		가		
	1.	4	3	2	1	4:90% 3:80%		
	가	4	3		ı	2:70% 1:70%		
	2.					4: 3: Line 가		
	۷.	4	3	2	1	2: , Tact Time		
(P)						1:		
(, )	3. 가					4: Tact Time		
	( Time/		4	3	1	3: Tact Time		
	Time)					1: Tact Time		
	4.		4	3	1	4: 3:		
			7	Ŭ	'	1:		
(Q)	5.	4	3	2	1	4: 3:		
		·	Ŭ	_	·	2: 1:		
	6.	4	3	2	1	4: S/V 3: S/V		
						2: 1: 가		
	7.		4	3	1	4:3 Hr 3:1 Hr		
C)	(MTTR)		•			1: I Hr		
,	8.	5	3	2	1	5: 3:		
	( )					2: 1		
(=)	9.	4	3	2	1	4: 3:		
(D)						2: 1:		
(0)	10.		4	2	1	4: 2:		
(S)	44					1:		
	11.	_ ا				5: 4:		
		5	4	3	1	3: Line : 3		
						1: :1		
	12.	4	3	2	1	4:10 3:3		
	가					2:3 1:3		
	= <del></del> ×100					90 80~90 70~80 70		
		I			I	A B C D		

가 ( , ) 가, 가 . [1][11].

```
P: Products, (
                        )
Q : Quality,
C: Cost, 가
D: Delivery & Damage,
S : Safety,
            가 < 3>
                             가
                                                  가 ,
     가
                           (A , B , C
                                                 , D
  )
                    가
          . , < 3>
                                       가
                           가
, 가
```

< 4>

	가		
A	90	* Line * Back-up 가 *	* ( , TBM, IR, CBM)  *
В	80~90	* プト *	* ( , TBM, IR, CBM) * ( , , )
С	70~80	* Back-up 가 Line	* (BM)
D	70	* Line *	* (BM)

< 5> .

< 5>

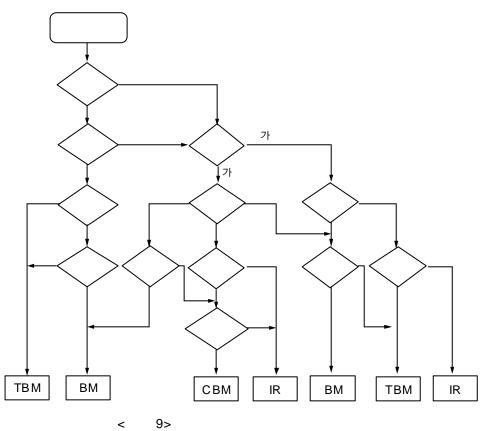
" ( ) " 가
·
, TBM, IR, CBM
, ( , )

3.2

	< 8>	· 가	<i>7</i> F
[12].		71	
71	< 8>		
[12],	가		
	ТВМ	IR 가	,
СВ	M		
가 BM	, 가	,	. ,
(TBM, IR, CBM,	, BM)	, 가	
가 ,		가	·

, 6 가

9>



가 ,

TBM, IR, CBM, BM

6 가 9>

가

 $\mathsf{CM}$ 

가

<

가 TBM, IR, CBM, BM 4. 가 가 ВМ, ТВМ, СВМ 3가 (EBM) 3가 가 (TBM, IR, CBM, BM) TBM, IR, CBM, BM 가  $C_{t}$ [1] 가 가 가

16

가

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